

A Guide for Home Learning CLIC 12

## Introduction - CLIC 12

In school, each week, children complete a CLIC challenge. The answers that they provide tell their teacher what skils they understand and allow teachers to focus on teaching the skills that they don't (as well as new skills that will be taught). If your child completes their challenges online at school, you may have been sent a link to log on at home. This pupil log on only allows children to complete one challenge a week. We are currently building a new pupil area, which will help with home learning.


This guide provides you with a copy of a CLIC challenge, a description of the skill each question is challenging and some sample resources for each question to help with home learning. (A description of each of these resources is on the next page.) The key is to keep it fun, no pressure and limit the time to less than 20 minutes a day, unless your child wants to carry on!

Please seek and follow advice from your child's teacher and school!

## What skill does each question challenge?

## Question 1

I can partition a 1dp number

## Question 2

I can understand 3d numbers

## Question 3

I can double 3d numbers

## Question 4

I can write Smile Multiplication Fact Families

## Question 5

I can solve 3d + 3d

## Question 6

I can solve $1 \mathrm{~d} \times 2 \mathrm{~d}$ (2, 3, 4, $5 \times$ tables)

## Question 7

I can combine 2 or more Tables Facts to solve division (with remainders)
( $2,3,4,5 x$ tables)

## Question 8

I can solve any 3d + 3d

## Question 9

I can solve a $2 \mathrm{~d} \times 1 \mathrm{~d}$

## Question 10

I can solve a $2 \mathrm{~d} \div 1 \mathrm{~d}$ (using $\times 2,3,4,5$ ) with no remainders inside the question

## Remember To's

Every step of learning (skill) in Big Maths has 'Remember to...'s. These are simple reminders for children to 'Remember to' do this, this, etc...

In Big Maths, we have divided complicated skills into small steps, provided 'Remember to...'s and examples to keep it simple for children.

A Progress Drive is a collection of skill steps that progress a child's learning to the point of mastering the larger objective.

## Repeat Sheets

Repeat sheets contain a number of questions (usually 10) that you can use for repeat practice of a particular step. Please feel free to create your own repeat questions to avoid children simply memorising the questions and answers.

## Revisit Sheets

Revisit sheets contain a number of questions (usually 10) that you can use which include a unit of measure applied to the numbers (It's Nothing New!) of a particular step. Please feel free to create your own revisit questions to avoid children simply memorising the questions and answers.

## Real Life Maths Sheets

Real Life Maths sheets contain a number of questions (usually 5) where the questions have been placed into worded scenarios for a particular step, increasing the complexity and challenge further. Please feel free to create your own real life maths questions to avoid children simply memorising the questions and answers.

## Select Sheets

Select sheets contain a number of worded questions (usually 5) which no longer automatically relate to the step we are on. These increase the complexity and challenge further still. Please feel free to create your own select questions to avoid children
simply memorising the questions and answers.

## CLIC 12

The following CLIC challenge is an example for you to use to practice at home. We have included the answer sheet as well. Please feel free to create your own additional questions by changing the numbers for any that your child gets wrong. In this pack, there is additional advice for each question, with resources that can help with home learning. It is important that you use the correct challenge level as provided by your teacher.



## Question Practice Resources

## Question 1 - I can partition a number with 1 decimal place

## Remember to:

- write the number
- draw the sticks
- copy the units digit
- copy the tenths digit... with a 'zero-point' in front of it

Repeat Questions


## Remember to:

- write the number
- draw the sticks
- copy the units digit
- copy the tenths digit... with 'a zero-point on the front

(1) Partition 2.4
(3) Partition 3.9
(5) Partition 8.2
(7) Partition 5.9
(9) Partition 9.6
(10) Partition 5.5

Step 3

I can partition a 1dp number

## Remember to:

- write the number
- draw the sticks
- copy the units digit
- copy the tenths digit... with 'a zero-point on the front


Erample

(1) $2,0.4$
(2) $5,0.1$
(3) $3,0.9$
(4) $9,0.2$
(5) $8,0.2$
(6) $4,0.6$
(7) $5,0.9$
(8) $1,0.7$
(9) $9,0.6$
(10) $5,0.5$

## Question Practice Resources

## Question 2 - I can understand 3 digit numbers

## Remember to:

- order the numbers by their hundreds digit
- then, if they have the same hundreds digit, order by the tens digit
- then, if they have the same tens digit, order by the units digit


## Repeat Questions

## Step

4
Mastery of Numbers

I can understand 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- order the numbers by their hundreds digit
- then, if they have the same hundreds digit, order by the tens digit
- then, if they have the same tens digit, order by the units digit


> 655,654, 653,652

4
544, 899, 900, 371


## 8

## 180, 360, 240, 560

10

> 430,630, 310,250

## Repeat Answers

 4

I can understand 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- order the numbers by their hundreds digit
- then, if they have the same hundreds digit, order by the tens digit
- then, if they have the same tens digit, order by the units digit


## 2

> 652,653, 654,655

## 4

371, 544, 899, 900

6
420, 421, 609, 611

> 461,533,
> 942,975

758, 759, 760, 761

Revisit Questions

## Step

4
Mastery of Numbers

I can understand 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- order the numbers by their hundreds digit
- then, if they have the same hundreds digit, order by the tens digit
- then, if they have the same tens digit, order by the units digit


4 $323 \mathrm{~m}, 322 \mathrm{~m}$,
$324 \mathrm{~m}, 321 \mathrm{~m}$


8

## 999mg, 333mg, $666 \mathrm{mg}, 777 \mathrm{mg}$

10

## 975kg, 942kg, 461kg, 533kg

## Revisit Answers

## Step

4
Mastery of Numbers

I can understand 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- order the numbers by their hundreds digit
- then, if they have the same hundreds digit, order by the tens digit
- then, if they have the same tens digit, order by the units digit

2
$652 \mathrm{~cm}, 653 \mathrm{~cm}$, $654 \mathrm{~cm}, 655 \mathrm{~cm}$

## 4

321m, 322m, 323m, 324m

## 6

122km, 265km, $311 \mathrm{~km}, 433 \mathrm{~km}$

## 8

333mg, 666mg, $777 \mathrm{mg}, 999 \mathrm{mg}$

## 10

461kg, 533kg,
942kg, 975kg

## Question Practice Resources

## Question 3 - I can double 3 digit numbers

## Remember to:

- partition the 3 digit numbers
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the units
- put them back together again

Repeat Questions

## Remember To:

- partition the 3d number
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the units
- put them back together again

I can double 3d numbers
$\square$


5 Double 698 is


8 Double 723 is

10 Double 999 is

Repeat Answers

I can double 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- partition the 3d number
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the units
- put them back together again
$\square$

3) Double 679 is 1358

5 Double 698 is 1396

2) Double 568 is 1136

4 Double 987 is 1974

6 Double 555 is 1110
8) Double 723 is 1446

10
Double 999 is 1998

Revisit Questions

Step
5
Crossing 10)

I can double 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- partition the 3d number
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the units
- put them back together again
$\square$

3) Double 666 km is

5 Double 322mg is
$\square$

9
Double 720 mm is

2
Double 577 cm is

4 Double 747 g is

6 Double 555L is

## 8 Double 723s is

10 Double 999kg is

Revisit Answers

I can double 3d numbers

## Remember To:

- partition the 3d number
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the units
- put them back together again
$\square$

3) Double 666 km is

1332km

## 4 Double 747g is 1494g

6 Double 555L is 1110 L

## 644mg <br> Double 322mg is



## Real Life Maths Questions



## Remember to:

- partition the 3d number
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the ones (units)
- put them back together again

Pim has 2 boxes of sweets. Each box contains 578 sweets. How many sweets are there in total?
2) There are 766 people at a party. Each person 2 sandwiches. How many sandwiches are there in total?

A computer costs $£ 869$. How much do $\mathbf{2}$ computers cost?

Pim wants to buy 2 bars of gold. Each bar costs £999. How much does it cost in total?

## Real Life Maths Answers

I can double 3d numbers

Remember to:

- partition the 3d number
- double the hundreds
- double the tens
- double the ones (units)
- put them back together again

Pim has 2 boxes of sweets. Each box contains 578 sweets. How many sweets are there in total?

There are 1156 sweets in total.
2) There are 766 people at a party. Each person 2 sandwiches. How many sandwiches are there in total?

There are 1532 sandwiches in total.

3
A computer costs $£ 869$. How much do $\mathbf{2}$ computers cost?

They cost $£ 1738$.

4
Pim wants to buy 2 bars of gold. Each bar costs $£ 999$. How much does it cost in total?

It costs $£ 1998$ in total.

5 What is double 665?

The answer is 1330.

## Question Practice Resources

## Question 4 - I can write Smile Multiplication Fact Families

## Remember to:

- copy the Smile Multiplication fact
- write the Switcher
- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers


## Repeat Questions



Remember to:

- copy the 'Smile Multiplication' fact
- write the Switcher
$6 \times 80=480$
$80 \times 6=480$
$480 \div 6=80$
$480 \div 80=6$
- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers
(1) $5 \times 40=200$
(2) $120 \div \mathbf{6 0}=\mathbf{2}$
(3) $\mathbf{8} \times \mathbf{3 0}=\mathbf{2 4 0}$
(4) $\mathbf{7} \times \mathbf{8 0}=\mathbf{5 6 0}$
(5) $420 \div 7=\mathbf{6 0}$
(6) $\mathbf{6 0} \times \mathbf{4 = 2 4 0}$
(7) $7 \times 30=210$
(8) $70 \times 5=350$
(9) $\mathbf{9 0} \times \mathbf{4}=\mathbf{3 6 0}$
(10) $480 \div 8=60$


Remember to:

- copy the 'Smile Multiplication' fact
- write the Switcher


# $6 \times 80=480$ $80 \times 6=480$ $480 \div 6=80$ $480 \div 80=6$ 

- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers
(1) $5 \times 40=200,40 \times 5=200$, $200 \div 5=40,200 \div 40=5$
(3) $8 \times 30=240,30 \times 8=240$, $240 \div 8=30,240 \div 30=8$
$420 \div 7=60,420 \div 60=7$, $60 \times 7=420,7 \times 60=420$
(7) $7 \times 30=210,30 \times 7=210$, $210 \div 30=7,210 \div 7=30$
(9) $90 \times 4=360,4 \times 90=360$, $360 \div 90=4,360 \div 4=90$
(2) $120 \div 60=2,120 \div 2=60$, $60 \times 2=120,2 \times 60=120$
(4) $7 \times 80=560,80 \times 7=560$, $560 \div 80=7,560 \div 7=80$
(6) $60 \times 4=240,4 \times 60=240$, $240 \div 60=4,240 \div 4=60$
(8) $70 \times 5=350,5 \times 70=350$, $350 \div 70=5,350 \div 5=70$
(10) $480 \div 8=60,480 \div 60=8$, $60 \times 8=480,8 \times 60=480$


Remember to:

- copy the 'Smile

Multiplication' fact

- write the Switcher

Treample

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \times 80=480 \\
& 80 \times 6=480 \\
& 480 \div 6=80 \\
& 480 \div 80=6
\end{aligned}
$$

- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers
(1) $\mathbf{5 m} \times \mathbf{4 0}=\mathbf{2 0 0 m}$
(3) $8 \mathrm{~km} \times 30=\mathbf{2 4 0 k m}$
(4) $\mathbf{7 g} \times \mathbf{8 0}=\mathbf{5 6 0 g}$
(5) $420 \mathrm{mg} \div 7=\mathbf{6 0 m g}$
(6) $60 \mathrm{~L} \times 4=\mathbf{2 4 0 L}$
(7) $7 \mathrm{ml} \times 30=210 \mathrm{ml}$
(8) $70 \mathrm{~s} \times 5=\mathbf{3 5 0}$
(9) $90 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4=360 \mathrm{~mm}$
(10) $480 \mathrm{~kg} \div 8=60 \mathrm{~kg}$

Revisit Answers


Remember to:

- copy the 'Smile

Multiplication' fact

- write the Switcher


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \times 80=480 \\
& 80 \times 6=480 \\
& 480 \div 6=80 \\
& 480 \div 80=6
\end{aligned}
$$

- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers
$5 \mathrm{~m} \times 40=200 \mathrm{~m}, 40 \mathrm{~m} \times 5=$
$200 \mathrm{~m}, 200 \mathrm{~m} \div 5=40 \mathrm{~m}, 200 \mathrm{~m} \div$ $40=5 m$

8 km x $30=240 \mathrm{~km}, 30 \mathrm{~km} \times$
3. $8=240 \mathrm{~km}, 240 \mathrm{~km} \div 8=30 \mathrm{~km}$,
$240 \mathrm{~km} \div 30=8 \mathrm{~km}$
$420 \mathrm{mg} \div 7=\mathbf{6 0 m g}, 420 \mathrm{mg} \div 60$
$=7 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \mathrm{mg} \times 7=420 \mathrm{mg}, 7 \mathrm{mg}$
$x 60 \mathrm{mg}=420 \mathrm{mg}$
$7 \mathrm{ml} \times 30=210 \mathrm{ml}, 30 \mathrm{ml} \times 7=$
$7210 \mathrm{ml}, 210 \mathrm{ml} \div 30=7 \mathrm{ml}, 210 \mathrm{ml}$
$\div 7=30 \mathrm{ml}$
$90 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4=360 \mathrm{~mm}, 4 \mathrm{~mm} \times 90$
(9) $=360 \mathrm{~mm}, 360 \mathrm{~mm} \div 90 \mathrm{~mm}=$
$4 \mathrm{~mm}, 360 \mathrm{~mm} \div 4 \mathrm{~mm}=90 \mathrm{~mm}$
$120 \mathrm{~cm} \div \mathbf{6 0}=\mathbf{2 c m}, 120 \mathrm{~cm} \div \mathbf{2}=$
(2) $60 \mathrm{~cm}, 60 \mathrm{~cm} \times 2=120 \mathrm{~cm}, 2 \mathrm{~cm} x$ $60=120 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\mathbf{7 g} \times 80=560 \mathrm{~g}, 80 \mathrm{~g} \times 7=560 \mathrm{~g}$,
$560 \mathrm{~g} \div 80=7 \mathrm{~g}, 560 \mathrm{~g} \div 7=80 \mathrm{~g}$
$60 \mathrm{~L} \times 4=240,4 \mathrm{~L} \times 60=240 \mathrm{~L}$,
$240 \mathrm{~L} \div 60=4 \mathrm{~L}, 240 \mathrm{~L} \div 4=60 \mathrm{~L}$

70s $\times 5 \mathrm{~s}=\mathbf{3 5 0 s}$, $5 \mathrm{~s} \times 70=350 \mathrm{~s}$,
$350 \mathrm{~s} \div 70=5 \mathrm{~s}, 350 \mathrm{~s} \div 5=70 \mathrm{~s}$

480 kg $\div 8=60 \mathrm{~kg}, 480 \mathrm{~kg} \div$
$60 \mathrm{~kg}=8 \mathrm{~kg}, 60 \mathrm{~kg} \times 8 \mathrm{~kg}=$ $480 \mathrm{~kg}, 8 \mathrm{~kg} \times 60 \mathrm{~kg}=480 \mathrm{~kg}$

## Real Life Maths Questions

INN: Multiplication

I can write Smile Multiplication Fact Families

## Remember to:

- copy the 'Smile Multiplication' fact
- write the Switcher
- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers

Pim has 6 boxes. Each box has 20 sweets. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.
2) There are 4 friends at a party. Each friend gets 70 sweets. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

A box of apples costs $£ 5$. Pim buys 60 boxes. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

A box of oranges weighs 8 kg . There are 90 boxes. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

Pim has 9 jugs of water. Each jug contains 50L. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

## Real Life Maths Answers



## Remember to:

- copy the 'Smile Multiplication' fact
- write the Switcher
- bring the product to the front, change the symbol and write the 2 switchers


## Pim has 6 boxes. Each box has 20 sweets. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

There are 120 sweets in total. $6 \times 20$ sweets $=120$ sweets, $20 \times 6=120,120 \div 6=20,120 \div 20=6$.

2
There are 4 friends at a party. Each friend gets 70 sweets. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

There are 280 sweets in total. $4 \times 70$ sweets $=280$ sweets, $70 \times 4=280,280 \div 70=4,280 \div 4=70$.

3
A box of apples costs $£ 5$. Pim buys 60 boxes. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

It costs $£ 300$.
$£ 5 \times 60=£ 300,60 \times 5=300,300 \div 5=60,300 \div 60=5$.
4

## A box of oranges weighs 8 kg . There are 90 boxes. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

The total weight is 720 kg .
$8 \mathrm{~kg} \times 90=720 \mathrm{~kg}, 90 \times 8=720,720 \div 90=8,720 \div 8=90$.
5
Pim has 9 jugs of water. Each jug contains 50L. Write out the Smile Multiplication Fact Family.

There is 450 L in total.
$9 \times 50 \mathrm{~L}=450 \mathrm{~L}, 50 \times 9=450,450 \div 50=9,450 \div 9=50$.

## Question Practice Resources

## Question 5 - I can solve 3 digit + 3 digit

## Remember to:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the units
- add the totals


## Repeat Questions

## Remember To:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the units
- add the totals

I can solve $3 d+3 d$

$5582+203=$


## Repeat Answers

## Remember To:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the units
- add the totals

I can solve $3 d+3 d$

1) $111+603=714$
(3) $278+621=899$
2) $582+203=785$

2 $583+211=794$
4) $197+602=799$
6) $\mathbf{5 0 0}+\mathbf{3 5 9}=\mathbf{8 5 9}$

9) $757+112=869$
106

Revisit Questions


## Remember To:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the units
- add the totals
$\square$
$\square$

5) $582 \mathrm{~km}+203 \mathrm{~km}=$


6 $500 \mathrm{~s}+\mathbf{3 5 9} \mathrm{s}=$

8 $206 m+546 m=$

10 $648 \mathrm{~L}+300 \mathrm{~L}=$

Revisit Answers


## Remember To:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the units
- add the totals

$\square$

5) $582 \mathrm{~km}+203 \mathrm{~km}=785 \mathrm{~km}$


9
$757 \mathrm{~kg}+112 \mathrm{~kg}=$ 869kg
2) $589 m+211 m=800 m$

4 $197 \mathrm{~cm}+602 \mathrm{~cm}=$ 799 cm

6 $500 s+359 s=859 s$

8 $206 m+546 m=752 m$

10 $648 \mathrm{~L}+300 \mathrm{~L}=948 \mathrm{~L}$

## Real Life Maths Questions

Step
28

## Addition

I can solve 3d + 3d

Remember to:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the ones (units)
- add the totals

Mully has 321 conkers and his friend gives him 222 more. How many conkers does Mully have?

2
Pim has 576 balls. Pom has 421 balls. How many do they have altogether?

3
Pom is 443 cm tall. Pim is 231 cm tall. How tall are they together?

4
What is 566 add $323 ?$

5
Pom bought books for $£ 212$ and toys for $£ 206$. How much did he spend?

## Real Life Maths Answers

Step
28

## Addition

I can solve 3d + 3d

Remember to:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the ones (units)
- add the totals

Mully has 321 conkers and his friend gives him 222 more. How many conkers does Mully have?

Mully has 543 conkers.

2
Pim has 576 balls. Pom has 421 balls. How many do they have altogether?

They have 997 balls altogether.

3
Pom is 443 cm tall. Pim is 231 cm tall. How tall are they together?

They are 674 cm tall together.

What is 566 add $\mathbf{3 2 3}$ ?

The answer is 889.

5 Pom bought books for $£ 212$ and toys for $£ 206$. How much did he spend?

He spent $£ 418$.

## Select Questions

Addition

## Remember To:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the ones

I can solve 3d + 3d

- add the totals

The total distance around this square is 440 mm . An equilateral triangle is placed against the square as shown. What is the total distance around the
 shape that has been formed?


A shop sells bottled water in two sizes. The large bottle has a capacity of 600 ml and the small bottle has a capacity of 225 ml . Rachel drinks all the water from one small bottle and three quarters of the large bottle. How much water has she drunk?

3


A bag of five medium size oranges weighs 400 g .
The weight of a large pear is 85 g . Josh says that this means that three medium size oranges and three large pears will weigh just under half a kilogram. Do you agree or disagree?

What number does the letter m represent?

## Select Answers

## Addition

## Remember To:

- add the hundreds
- add the tens
- add the ones
- add the totals

I can solve 3d + 3d

The total distance around the shape is 770 mm .

2

Altogether she has drunk 675 ml of water.

3

I agree. The total weight would be 495 g .

$$
m=429
$$

5


## Question Practice Resources

# Question 6 - I can solve 1 digit x 2 digit ( $2,3,4,5 x$ tables) 

## Remember to:

- partition the 2d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total


## Repeat Questions

## Remember To:

- partition the 2 d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total


5) $4 \times 22=$


9
$2 \times 41=$


4 $3 \times 92=$

10) $4 \times 27=$

Repeat Answers

## Step

I can solve $1 d \times 2 d(2,3,4,5 x$ tables)

## Remember To:

- partition the 2 d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total)


5) $4 \times 22=88$


9
$2 \times 41=82$
$4 \times 27=108$

## Remember To:

- partition the 2 d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total


5) $5 \mathrm{mg} \times 22=$


9
$2 \times 41 \mathrm{~mm}=$

$4 \times 27 \mathrm{~kg}=$

Revisit Answers


11

I can solve $1 d \times 2 d(2,3,4,5 x$ tables)

## Remember To:

- partition the 2 d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total)
$\square$


5) $5 \mathrm{mg} \times 22=110 \mathrm{mg}$


6 $2 \mathrm{~L} \times 71=142 \mathrm{~L}$
$84 \mathrm{~s} \times 49=196 \mathrm{~s}$

10
$4 \times 27 \mathrm{~kg}=108 \mathrm{~kg}$

## Real Life Maths Questions



## Remember to:

- partition the 2d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the ones (units)
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total

14 friends put together their sweets. They each have 52 sweets. How many are there in total?
2) A box of chocolates has 5 options in it. How many chocolates are in 34 boxes?

3 A box of oranges weighs 3 kg . There are $\mathbf{2 5}$ boxes. What is the total weight?

4 A jug contains 5L of water. There are 43 jugs. How much water is there in total?

## Real Life Maths Answers



## Remember to:

- partition the 2d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the ones (units)
- times the tens (Smile

Multiplication)

- add the answers to find the total

4 friends put together their sweets. They each have 52 sweets. How many are there in total?

There are 208 sweets.
2) A box of chocolates has 5 options in it. How many chocolates are in 34 boxes?

There are 170 chocolates.

3
A box of oranges weighs 3 kg . There are $\mathbf{2 5}$ boxes. What is the total weight?

The total weight is 75 kg .

4 A jug contains 5L of water. There are 43 jugs. How much water is there in total?

There is 215 L in total.

The answer is 132.

Select Questions

## Step

## Multiplication

I can solve $1 \mathrm{~d} \times 2 \mathrm{~d}$ ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables)

## Remember To:

- partition the 2d number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units
- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total

Plastic containers of strawberries are reduced to 89p for a 'quick sale'. Chris wants to make some homemade strawberry jam and so buys five containers. How much change will he get from £5?


A pack of three pencils costs $46 p$.
Rachel has $£ 2$ to spend on pencils.
How many pencils can she buy? What change does she get?


3
In one box there are 48 pens. Jamie buys four boxes because you get an extra box free when you buy four boxes. How many pens is that altogether?

A regular pentagon and a square have the same perimeter. If each side of the regular pentagon measures 32 cm , then what is the length of the side of the square?


Cup cakes are sold in two different sizes - small and large. The large size costs $48 p$ each. James buys four cup cakes - three large and one small. He pays with a £2 coin and gets $26 p$ change. What does a small cup cake cost?

## Select Answers

## Remember To:

- partition the $2 d$ number
- write out the 2 questions
- times the units

I can solve $1 \mathrm{~d} \times 2 \mathrm{~d}(2,3,4,5 \times$
tables)

- times the tens (Smile Multiplication)
- add the answers to find the total

He will get 55 pence change.

2

Rachel can buy 4 packs of pencils ( 12 pencils)
She would get 16 pence in change.

3

That is 240 pens altogether.

The length of one side of the square is 40 cm .

A small cupcake costs 30p.

## Question Practice Resources

$68 \div 5 \quad$ Child sees question ' $68 \div 5$ '


Question 7 - I can combine 2 or more Tables Facts to solve division (with remainders)
(2, 3, 4, 5x tables)

## Remember to:

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder


## Repeat Questions

## Remember To:

I can combine 2 or more Tables
Facts to solve division (with remainders) ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables)

## Division

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder


5) $35 \div 2=$


9
$31 \div 2=$

4) $73 \div 5=$
6. $35 \div 3=$

10) $37 \div 3=$

Repeat Answers

## Remember To:

Step

## Division

I can combine 2 or more Tables
Facts to solve division (with remainders) ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables)

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder


5) $35 \div 2=17 r 1$

7 $66 \div 5=13 r 1$



## Revisit Questions

## Remember To:

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder

Facts to solve division (with
remainders) ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables)
$\square$

5) $35 \mathrm{mg} \div 2=$


Revisit Answers

## Remember To:

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder

I can combine 2 or more Tables
Facts to solve division (with remainders) ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables)
$\square$
5) $35 \mathrm{mg} \div 2=17 \mathrm{mg}$ r1mg
7. $66 \mathrm{ml} \div 5=13 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{r} 1 \mathrm{ml}$


4) $73 \mathrm{~g} \div 5=14 \mathrm{gr} 3 \mathrm{~g}$


10 $37 \mathrm{~kg} \div 3=12 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{r} 1 \mathrm{~kg}$

## Real Life Maths Questions

Step
19
I can combine 2 or more Tables Facts to solve division (with remainders) ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables )

## Remember to:

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder

Pim has 23 toys. He shared them between 2 people. How many toys does each person get? How many toys are left over?
2) There are 5 people at a party. Pim has 72 sweets to share. How many sweets does each person get? How many sweets are left over?

Pim has $£ 37$. He shares the money between 3 people. How much does each person get? How much money is left?

Pim has a jug containing 50L of water. He pours it into 4 jugs. How much liquid is in each jug? How much water is left?

## Real Life Maths Answers

Step
19
I can combine 2 or more Tables Facts to solve division (with remainders) ( $2,3,4,5 \times$ tables )

## Remember to:

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder

Pim has 23 toys. He shared them between 2 people. How many toys does each person get? How many toys are left over?

Each person gets 11 toys. There is 1 toy left over.
2) There are 5 people at a party. Pim has 72 sweets to share. How many sweets does each person get? How many sweets are left over?

Each person gets 14 sweets. There are 2 sweets left over.

Pim has $£ 37$. He shares the money between 3 people. How much does each person get? How much money is left?

Each person gets $£ 12$. There is $£ 1$ left over.

Pim has a jug containing 50L of water. He pours it into 4 jugs. How much liquid is in each jug? How much water is left?

There is 12 L of water in each jug. There is 2 L left over.

What is 54 shared by $\mathbf{4 ?}$ What is the remainder?

The answer is 13. The remainder is 2.

Select Questions

## Step

19
I can combine 2 or more Tables
Facts to solve division (with remainders) (2, 3, 4, $5 \times$ tables)

## Remember To:

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder

The red rectangle is 4 cm long. What is length of a green rectangle?


2 Annie and Ben are making 2D shapes with different lengths of ribbon. They agree that the lengths of any shapes that they make will be a whole number of centimetres. The shapes will also all be regular. Starting with a length of ribbon 88 cm long, what is the largest pentagon they can make?


3


A shops sells packs of apples with three apples in every pack. A teacher has twenty eight pupils in his class. If he wants to give every child two apples each, then how many packs will he have to buy?

Which is the odd one out?

Tom looks at the coins he has in his pocket. He says that if he had another $3 p$, then he could share his money equally between four people. Agree or disagree?


## Select Answers

## Remember To:

## Step

Division

I can combine 2 or more Tables
Facts to solve division (with
remainders) (2, 3, 4, $5 \times$ tables)

- think of 10 lots
- see how many more there are
- add on how many lots this is too
- find the remainder

The length of a green rectangle is 7 cm .

The size of the largest pentagon they can make is 80 cm .

He would have to buy 19 packs.

Yes, I agree with Tom.

## Question Practice Resources

Question 8 - I can solve any 3 digit + 3 digit

## Repeat Questions



Treanole

| 686 |
| ---: |
| +549 |
| 1235 |
| 11 |


5. $\mathbf{1 0 0 + 9 9 9}$
6. $168+899$
8) $335+654$
(10) $343+989$
$256+662$


## Repeat Answers



Ficcinple
$12454+823=1277$
36 $625+722=1347$
(5) $100+999=1099$
2) $566+877=1443$
4) $\mathbf{6 4 0}+732=1372$
6. $168+899=1067$

9) $256+662=918$
(10) $343+989=1332$

## Question Practice Resources

Question 9 - I can combine 2 digit $\times 1$ digit (using column method)


Troniple

$$
\begin{array}{r}
35 \\
\begin{array}{r}
5 \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
\hline 175
\end{array}
$$


5) $33 \times 3$

(10) $20 \times 4$

## : Ment <br> Repeat Answers



Ersonple

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2 \\
35 \\
\times \quad 5 \\
\hline 175
\end{array}
$$

$\square$
$\square$
5. $33 \times 3=99$

2. $44 \times 2=88$

4 $49 \times 2=98$
6) $25 \times 3=75$
8. $10 \times 5=50$
$1020 \times 4=80$

## Question Practice Resources

Question 10 - I can solve 2 digit $\div 1$ digit
(using $\times 2,3,4,5$ ) with no remainders

## Repeat Questions

## Step

1
Division
Column Methods

I can solve a $2 d \div 1 d$ (using $x$ $2,3,4,5$ ) No remainders inside the question

Framers

$$
\begin{array}{r|r} 
& 23 \\
3 & 69
\end{array}
$$


5) $69 \div 3$

9) $39 \div 3=$
2) $96 \div 3$

6) $88 \div 4$
8) $46 \div 2$
(10) $44 \div 4=$

## Repeat Answers

## Step <br> 1

Division
Column Methods

Fromple

$$
\begin{array}{r|r} 
& 23 \\
3 & 69
\end{array}
$$

I can solve a $2 \mathrm{~d} \div 1 \mathrm{~d}$ (using $x$ $2,3,4,5$ ) No remainders inside the question
$\square$
$\square$
5) $69 \div 3=23$
7) $30 \div 3=10$
9) $39 \div 3=13$
(2) $96 \div 3=32$
(4) $55 \div 5=11$
6) $88 \div 4=22$
8) $46 \div 2=23$
10. $44 \div 4=11$

